[a] *Explanation.*—A person is not "resident" within the meaning of this rule unless he has a place of residence in the locality concerned and such practical connection with that locality as qualifies him to represent the inhabitants thereof.

If at any time the question is raised whether a person proposed for election is "resident" within the meaning of this rule, the question shall be referred to and decided by the Local Government, whose decision shall be final [a].

VII.—If within [b] three months after receiving the request of the Governor as provided by Rule IV the Body or Association or group of Bodies or Associations fails to make a recommendation, the Governor may nominate at his discresion a person belonging to the class which the Body or Association or group is deemed to represent.

VIII.—If the Governor shall decline to nominate any person who has been, under these Regulations, recommended for nomination, a fresh request shall be issued as provided in Rule IV, and the procedure laid down in Rules V and VII shall apply.

IX.—(*a*) As soon as conveniently may be after these Regulations come into force, eight of the seats held by non-official persons shall be filled up by recommendation under Rule II.

(*b*) If there shall not be the full number of eight vacancies available for this purpose, the Governor shall determine at his discretion, subject always to the proviso in Rule II, which of the Bodies or groups mentioned in that Rule shall be requested to recommend the persons to fill up such vacancies as may then be available; and so whenever and as often as any other vacancies among non-official members become available, until the full number of eight has been completed.

RULES FOR GIVING EFFECT TO THE ABOVE REGULATIONS.

Notn. No. 74, Legislative, dated 9th March 1895, B. G. G., 1895, Pt. I, p. 277.

In supersession of Government Notification No. 49, dated the 30th March 1893, the Governor in Council is pleased to publish for general information the following Rules for giving effect to the Regulations made by the Governor General in Council under Section 1 (4) of the Indian Councils Act, 1892, for Bombay, and approved by the Secretary of State in Council, as notified by the Government of India in their Notification No. 359, dated the 17th of March 1893* :—

I.—Nominations of eight persons to be Additional Members of the Council of the Governor of Bombay for the purpose of making Laws and

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[a–a] This explanation was added by Govt. of India, Home dept., Notn. No. 4829, dated 16th August 1901, republished in Govt. Notn. No. 332, dated 21st August 1901, *B. G. G.*, 1901, Pt. I, p. 1477.

[b] The word "three" was substituted for "two" by Govt. of India, Home dept., Notn. No. 2425, dated 7th September 1900, republished in Govt. Notn. No. 204, dated 12th September 1900, *B. G. G.*, 1900, Pt. I, p. 1923.

* See *Gazette of India*, 1893, Pt. I, p. 152. These Regulations are the same as those printed under Notification No. 41, dated 17th March 1893, at page 21, *supra*.

Regulations only will be made by the Governor of Bombay under Section 29 of the Indian Councils Act, 1861, subject to Rule VII of the aforesaid Regulations made by the Governor General in Council, on the recommendations of the following Bodies and Associations, respectively :—

A.—The Corporation of Bombay ;

B.—A Group of Municipal Corporations constituted by the combination of all Corporations in the Northern Division of the Presidency of Bombay containing a population of 5,000 and upwards according to the last Imperial Census ;

C (i).—A group of District Local Boards constituted by the combination of all the District Local Boards in the Southern Division of the Presidency of Bombay ;

C (ii).—A group of District Local Boards constituted by the combination of all the District Local Boards in the Central Division of the Presidency of Bombay ;

D (i).—The Sardárs of the Deccan as contained in the list prepared in conformity with Government Resolution, Political Department, No. 2363, dated July 23rd, 1867 ;

D (ii).—A class of large landholders in Sind, as notified in a list to be published annually by the Commissioner of Sind in the *Sind Official Gazette* for the purposes of this rule, constituted of First and Second Class Jágirdárs, and of Zamindárs who for the three years preceding the publication of the list have each paid not less than Rs. 1,000 annually as ordinary land revenue ;

E.—The Association of persons engaged or interested in mercantile pursuits entitled the Bombay Chamber of Commerce ;

F.—The Senate of the University of Bombay.

II.—The Governor of Bombay, in persuance of Rule IV of the aforesaid Regulations, will cause the Secretary to Government in the Legislative Department to request the aforesaid Bodies and Associations to recommend persons for nomination by the Governor as Additional Members of Council. These requests will be addressed to the persons indicated in the following list, who will also be requested to communicate to the Secretary to Government in the Legislative Department the recommendations of the Bodies or Associations concerned within two months after receiving the request of the Governor, in each case :—

In the case of A, the President of the Corporation of Bombay ;

In the case of B, the Commissioner of the Northern Division ;

In the case of C (i), the Commissioner of the Southern Division ;

In the case of C (ii), the Commissioner of the Central Division ;

In the case of D (i), the Agent for Sardárs in the Deccan ;

In the case of D (ii), the Commissioner in Sind ;

In the case of E, the Chairman of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce ;

In the case of F, the Vice-Chancellor of the University of Bombay.

III.—The recommendation of the Bodies and Associations mentioned in Rule I shall be determined by a majority of votes given at an election as hereinafter indicated, that is to say,—

In the case of A, the Corporation of Bombay may recommend any person, provided he is [a]..... resident within the City of Bombay, who obtains a majority of the votes of the Corporation in his favour;

In the case of B, the recommendation of a person [a]..... resident within the Northern Division may be made by the representatives of the group of Municipalities in that Division, appointed according to the following scale. Every Municipality forming a member of the group with a population between 5,000 and 10,000 may appoint one representative, and every Municipality with a population of 10,000 and upwards may appoint an additional representative for every additional 10,000 or fraction of 10,000 of population, thus—

A Municipality with a population of	5,006	may appoint	... 1	representative.
Do.	do.	9,573	... 1	do.
Do.	do.	40,168	... 5	representatives.

In the case of C (i) and C (ii), the recommendation, by each, of a person [a] ..... resident within the Southern and Central Divisions, respectively, may be made by the representatives of each of the groups of District Local Boards in those Divisions appointed according to the following scale. Every District Local Board forming a member of either of the two groups of Bodies may appoint a representative for each 100,000 or fraction of 100,000 of the population of the district according to the last Imperial Census, thus —

In the Southern Division —

The District Local Board of		Belgaum with a population of 1,013,261 may appoint	11	representatives,
Do.	do.	Ratnágiri with a population of 1,105,926 may appoint	12	do.
Do.	do.	Kánara with a population of 446,351 may appoint	5	do.

and in the Central Division—

The District Local Board of		Poona with a population of 1,067,800 may appoint	11	representatives,
Do.	do.	Khándesh with a population of 1,460,851 may appoint	15	do.
Do.	do.	Sholápur with a population of 750,689 may appoint	8	do.

In the case of D (i), the Sardárs of the Deccan as described in Rule I may recommend any person elected by a majority of their votes;

In the case of D (ii), the group of landholders in Sind may recommend a person elected by a majority of their votes;

In the case of E, the Bombay Chamber of Commerce may recommend a person elected by a majority of votes recorded in the manner laid down in their rules or articles of association for carrying resolutions or recording decisions upon questions of business brought before the Association;

In the case of F, the Senate of the University may recommend any person elected by a majority of the votes of the Senate obtained, under

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[a] The word "ordinarily" was omitted by Notn. No. 370, Legislative, dated 15th October 1901, *B. G. G.*, 1901, Pt. I, p. 2040.

such regulations, not being inconsistent with the aforesaid Regulations made by the Governor General in Council, as the Senate may pass for this purpose.

[a] *Explanation.*—A person is not "resident" within the meaning of this rule unless he has a place of residence in the locality concerned and such practical connection with that locality as qualifies him to represent the inhabitants thereof.

If at any time the question is raised whether a person proposed for elections is "resident" within the meaning of this rule, the question shall be referred to and decided by the Local Government, whose decision shall be final.

RULES FOR THE DISCUSSION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT AND FOR ASKING QUESTIONS IN THE BOMBAY LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Notn. No. 14, Legislative, dated 7th February 1893, B. G. G., 1893, Pt. I, p. 76.

The following rules, which have been made by the Governor of Bombay in Council, in exercise of the powers conferred by Section 2 of the Indian Councils Act, 1892, and which have received the sanction of the Governor General in Council as required by that Section, are now published for general information :—

I.—Preliminary.

1. In these Rules—

"Council" means the Council of the Governor of Bombay for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations.

"President" means the Governor of Bombay, or, in his absence, the Senior Civil Ordinary Member of Council present.

"Member" means a Member of the Council, whether Ordinary or Additional.

II.—Rules for the discussion of the Financial Statement in the Council of the Governor.

2. The Financial Statement of the Government of Bombay shall be explained in Council every year, and a printed copy given to each Member.

3. After the explanation has been made each Member shall be at liberty to offer any observations he may wish to make on the Statement.

4. The Member who explained the Statement shall have the right of reply, and the discussion shall be closed by the President making such observations, if any, as he may consider necessary.

5. The discussion will be limited to those branches of Revenue and Expenditure which are under the control of the Local Government; and it will not be permissible to enter upon a criticism of Imperial Finance.

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[a] This explanation was added by Govt. Notn. No. 370, Legislative, 15th October 1901, *B. G. G.*, 1901, Pt. I, p. 2040.